

OFFICE OF THE CONTROLLER GENERAL OF DEFENCE ACCOUNTS Ulan Batar Road, Palam, Delhi Cantt.-110010.

No. AN/III/3053/RTI - TO

Dated 01/07/2014.

To,

All Principal Controllers/ Controllers

(Through CGDA website)

Subject: Guide on the Right to Information Act, 2005 - updated Version.

Please find enclosed a copy of Para 5 of Part II (For Public Authority) of DoP&T OM No. 1/32/2013-IR dated 28/11/2013, wherein the necessary guidelines about the categories of information to be published by the public authorities have been issued by the Government for necessary action at your end please.

Further, in this context, please find enclosed guidelines regarding Citizen Charter. Accordingly action may be taken to a formulate Citizen Charter pertaining to your office and the same forwarded to Hqrs office for further examination and necessary action at this end.

(PK Rai) Dy. CGDA(AN)

Copy to:

1) Officer-in-Charge of -All Admin Sections of Hqrs Office, Audit Coord Hqrs Office. EDP Wing of Hqrs Office.

For necessary action as above please.

2) EDP/Wing

With a request to upload on Official Website.

ر المحر (Sanjiv J. Bajaj) AO(AN)

North Block, New Delhi Dated: the 28th November, 2013

OFFICE MEMORANDUM

Subject: Guide on the Right to Information Act, 2005 - updated Version.

Section 26 of the RTI Act requires the Government to compile a guide containing such information, in an easily comprehensible form and manner, as may reasonably be required by a person who wishes to exercise any right specified in the Act. Further, it requires the Government to update the guide at regular intervals. Accordingly an updated Guide on the Act is hereby published online which would help all the stake-holders viz. information seekers in getting information, public information officers in dealing with the RTI applications, first appellate authorities in taking cogent decisions on appeals and the public authorities in implementing various provisions of the Act in right earnest.

(SANDEEP JAIN)

Sander Jam

Director

Tel: 23092755

Part II

FOR PUBLIC AUTHORITIES

Public authorities are the repository of information which the citizens have a right to access under the Right to Information Act, 2005. The Act casts important obligations on public authorities so as to facilitate the citizens of the country to access information held under their control.

Maintenance and Computerisation of Records

2. Proper management of records is of utmost importance for effective implementation of the provisions of the Act. A public authority should, therefore, maintain all its records properly. It should ensure that the records are duly catalogue and indexed in such a manner and form that it may facilitate the right to information.

Suo Motu Disclosure

- 3. Every public authority should provide as much information suo motu to the public through various means of communications so that the public have minimum need to the Act to obtain information. Internet being one of the most effective means of communication, the information may be posted on the website.
- 4. Section 4(1)(b) of the Act, in particular, requires every public authority to publish following sixteen categories of information:
 - (i) the particulars of its organisation, functions and duties;
 - (ii) the powers and duties of its officers and employees;
 - (iii) the procedure followed in the decision making process, including channels supervision and accountability;
 - (iv) the norms set by it for the discharge of its functions;
 - the rules, regulations, instructions, manuals and records, held by it or with its control or used by its employees for discharging its functions;
 - (vi) a statement of the categories of documents that are held by it or under to control;
 - the particulars of any arrangement that exists for consultation with, representation by, the members of the public in relation to the formulation its policy or implementation thereof;
 - (viii) a statement of the boards, councils, committees and other bodies consists of two or more persons constituted as its part or for the purpose of its additional constitution.

Citizen Charter

Citizen's Charter is a document which represents a systematic effort to focus on the commitment of the Organization towards its Citizens in respects of standard of services, Information, Choice and Consultation, Non-discrimination and Accessibly, Grievance Redress, Courtesy and Value for Money. This also includes expectations of the Organization from the Citizen for fulfilling the commitment of Organization.

Component's of Citizen's Charter

These should include:

- (i) Vision and Mission statement
- (ii) Details of Business transacted by the Organization
- (iii)Details of clients
- (iv)Details of services provided to each client group
- (v) Details of grievance redressal mechanism and how to access it
- (vi)Expectations from the clients.

Formulation of Citizen's Chartres: A Road Map

- (i) Formation of Task Force
- (ii) Identification of all Stakeholders and major services to be provided by Organization
- (iii) Consultation with Clients/stakeholders/Staff (Primarily at cutting-edge level and their representative associations.
- (iv) Preparation of Draft Charter
 - 1. Circulation for comments/ suggestions
 - 2. Modification of Charter to include suggestions
- (v) Consideration of the Charter by Core Group
- (vi) Modification of Charter by the Ministry/ Department on the basis of suggestions/ observations by the Core Group
- (vii) Approval by the Minister-in-charge
- (viii) Submission of a copy of the charter to the Department of Administrative Reforms and Public Grievances
- (ix)formal issue/release of Charter and putting up on website
- (x) Sending copies to People's Representatives and all stakeholders
- (xi) Appointment of a Nodal Officer to ensure effective implementations

Citizen's Charters - Model Guidelines

The need for a Citizen's Charter arises from the dissatisfaction of the citizen /

consumer/ customer with the erstwhile quality of service offered by a public sector organization. The following guidelines should therefore be useful:

- i. To be useful, the Charter must be simple;
- ii. The Charter must be framed not only by senior experts, but by interaction with the cutting edge staff who will finally implement it and with the users (individual organizations);
- iii. Merely announcing the Charter will not change the way we function. It is important to create conditions through interaction and training for generating a responsive climate;
- iv. Begin with a statement of the service(s) being offered;
- v. A mention be made against each service the entitlement of the user, service standards and remedies available to the user in case of the non-adherence to standards;
- vi. Procedures/cost/charges should be made available on line/display boards/ booklets inquiry counters etc at places specified in the Charter;
- vii. Indicate clearly, that while these are not justiciable, the commitments enshrined in the Charter are in the nature of a promise to be fulfilled with oneself and with the user;
- viii. Frame a structure for obtaining feedback and performance audit and fix a schedule for reviewing the Charter every six months at least;
- ix. Separate Charters can be framed for distinct services and for organizations/ agencies attached or subordinate to a Ministry/Department.

Citizens' Charters - General Structure Guidelines

These can be stated as follows:

- i. A brief statement regarding the services concerned;
- ii. Public Interface of the service concerned to be addressed (e.g., Reservation, Passenger amenities by Railways, Mail Delivery, Premium services by Post etc);
- iii. Commitment to Standards (Time frame, Quality of service);
- iv. The Staff: What to except from them?
 - : Where are they located?
- Keeping citizens informed: What information do they need?
- If things go wrong (remedial measures): What could go wrong;
 - : Whom to contact;

: What to expect to set it right.

• How citizens can help the organization

What Makes a Good Charter

The elements of a good charter can be said t	to be:
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- i. Focus on Customer Requirements;
- ii. Simple Language;
- iii. Service standards;
- iv. Effective Remedies;
- v. Training;
- vi. Delegation;
- vii. Feedback Mechanism;
- viii. Close Monitoring;
- ix. Periodic Review.

The six important areas to be covered in every Citizen's Charter

The Six Principles of Citizen's Charters:

- i. Published Standards;
- ii. Openness and Information;
- iii. Choice and Consultation;
- iv. Courtesy and Helpfulness;
- v. Redress when things go wrong;
- vi. Value for money;

c)

A Model Format for Citizen's Charter

2.	(Enumeration of services delivered by the department)	We deliver th	ne following
services :-			

1. The Aim/purpose of this charter is to work for better quality in public service

a)	b)	c)	d)	
	3. Our aim is to achieve the	following		
servi	ce delivery/quality parameters	Nature of Service	Service Delivery Standard	l Remarks
(Tim	e limit (days/hours/minutes)			
a)				
b)				

4. Availability of Information: Information on the following subjects can be obtained	
from our officers listed below	
1. Information 2. Name of the 3. Designation 4. Located at 5. Telephone/ relating to	
officer Fax/e-mail	
\mathbf{a} .	
b.	
c.	
5. For information outside Office hours, please contact	
Availability of prescribed forms	
Title of the Form Fee to be paid Whom to contact	
a)	
b)	
c)	
Forms are also available on the world wide web at www (where applicable) and	
can be downloaded at	
6. Complaint redressal systems	
Courteous and helpful service will be extended by all the staff. If you have any	
complaints to make with respect to the delivery of the above standards you are welcome to	
register your complaints with the following officers	
Name Designation Located at Telephone/Fax/e-mail	
a)	
b)	
c)	
We have also created a website for registering complaints at www You are	
welcome to use this facility.	
7. A centralized customer care center/grievance redressal center has also been established at	
where you can lodge your complaint.	
8. All complaints will be acknowledged by us within days and final reply on the	
action taken will be communicated within days.	
9. Consultation with our users/stakeholders	
• We welcome suggestions from our users.	
• We conduct polls	
• We hold periodical meetings with users/user representatives and if you wish	

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under the Charter.
We are committed to constantly revise and improve the services being offered
b)
a)
Other information
Our customer information centre is located at Phone No
Our helpline number is
Officer for more details.
We have published a Handbook for the guidance of our customers. Please contact
11. Guide Book/Hand Book/Consumer Helpline
b)
a)
relevant to the departments concerned)
service provided by us and we request you to help us in the following way (give details
Citizen's Charter is a joint effort between us and you to improve the quality of
10. We seek your co-operation on the following
to be available for consultation, survey on the points enlisted in the Charter.
• Please also enter your details at our website www indicating your willingness
to be associated with this please contact at

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